## **Ensemble Data Assimilation for POP**



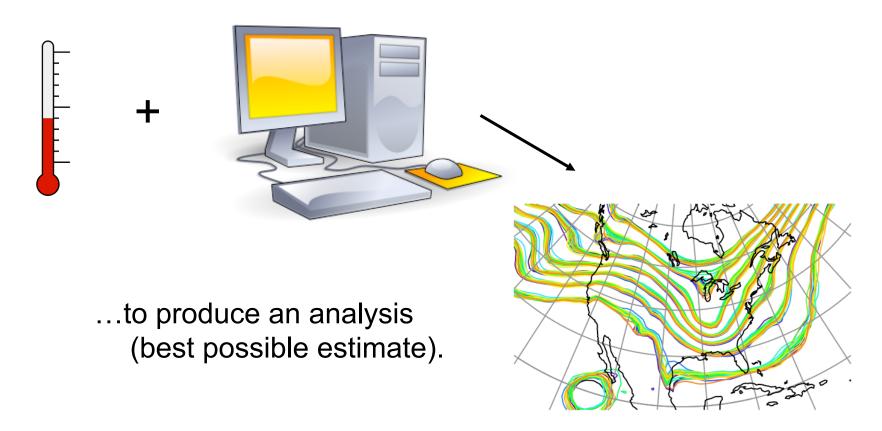
Tim Hoar, Nancy Collins, and Jeffrey Anderson NCAR Institute for Math Applied to Geophysics Data Assimilation Research Section





## What is Data Assimilation?

Observations combined with a Model forecast...











#### DART is:

# Public domain software for Data Assimilation

Well-tested, portable, extensible, free!

#### Models

Toy to HUGE

#### **Observations**

Real, synthetic, novel

#### An extensive Tutorial

With examples, exercises, explanations

People: The DAReS Team



























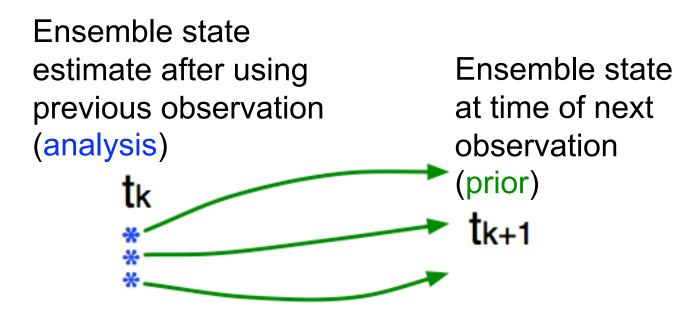


and many more.

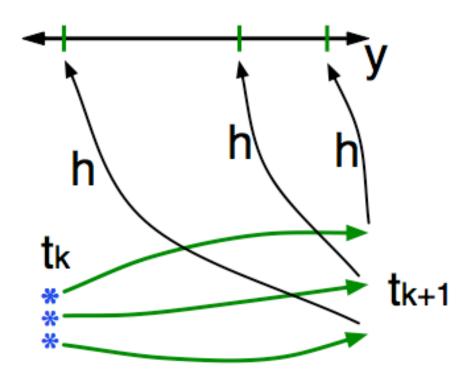




1. Use model to advance ensemble (3 members here) to time at which next observation becomes available.



2. Get prior ensemble sample of observation, y = h(x), by applying forward operator **h** to each ensemble member.



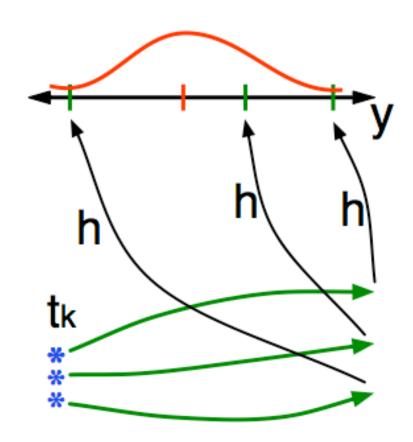
Theory: observations from instruments with uncorrelated errors can be done sequentially.







3. Get observed value and observational error distribution from observing system.

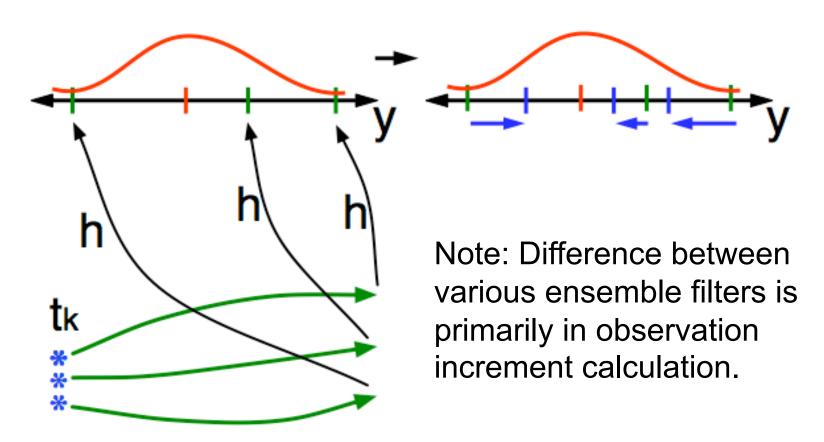








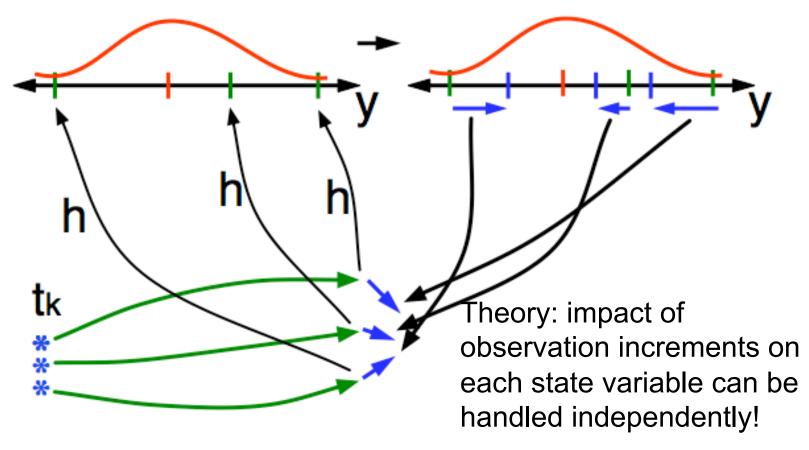
4. Find the increments for the prior observation ensemble (this is a scalar problem for uncorrelated observation errors).







5. Use ensemble samples of **y** and each state variable to linearly regress observation increments onto state variable increments.

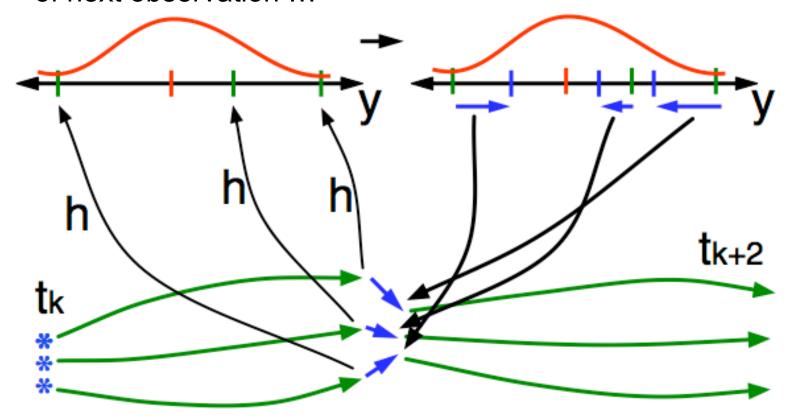








6. When all ensemble members for each state variable are updated, there is a new analysis. Integrate to time of next observation ...



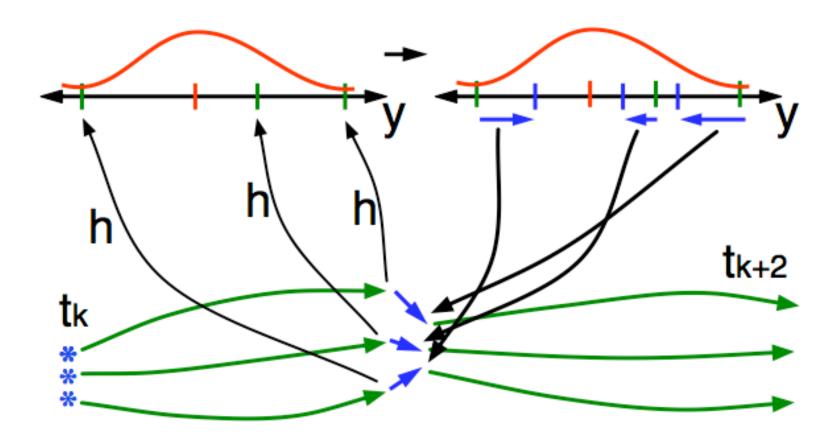






To work with POP, DART just needs:

1. A way to make model forecasts (done by CGD);

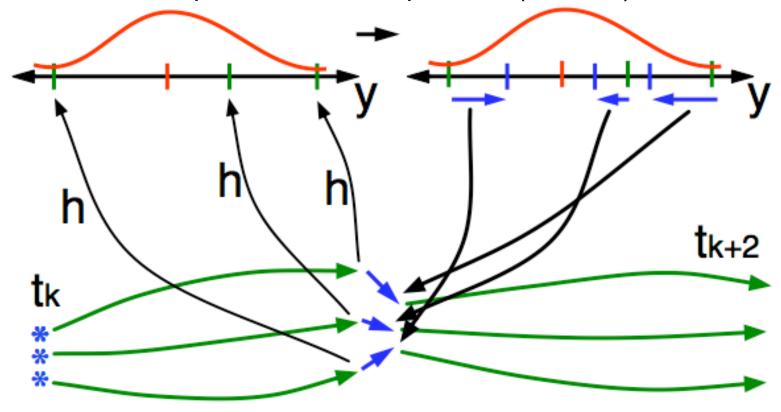






To work with POP, DART just needs:

- 1. A way to make model forecasts (CGD, PetaApps);
- 2. Forward operators, h. Interpolation (DAReS).









## DART/POP Assimilation Experiments

- 1. POP 1 degree displaced pole;
- 2. 23 Ensemble members;
- 3. All 23 oceans forced by same observed atmosphere;
- 4. Start from 'climatological ensemble';
- 5. Assimilate all available observations once a day;
- 6. Use all observations in +/- 12 hour window;
- 7. January 1998 through December 1999.

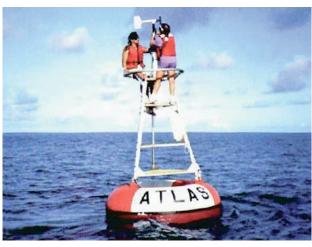




#### Observations for 1998-1999

Temperature and salinity from World Ocean Database 2005.

FLOAT SALINITY	68200
FLOAT_TEMPERATURE	395032
DRIFTER_TEMPERATURE	33963
MOORING_SALINITY	27476
MOORING_TEMPERATURE	623967
BOTTLE_SALINITY	79855
BOTTLE_TEMPERATURE	81488
CTD_SALINITY	328812
CTD_TEMPERATURE	368715
STD_SALINITY	674
STD_TEMPERATURE	677
XCTD_SALINITY	3328
XCTD_TEMPERATURE	5790
MBT_TEMPERATURE	58206
XBT_TEMPERATURE	1093330
APB_TEMPERATURE	580111











#### Observations for 1998-1999

Temperature observation error standard deviation 0.5 K; Salinity observation error standard deviation 0.5 msu.

System is also ready to assimilate:

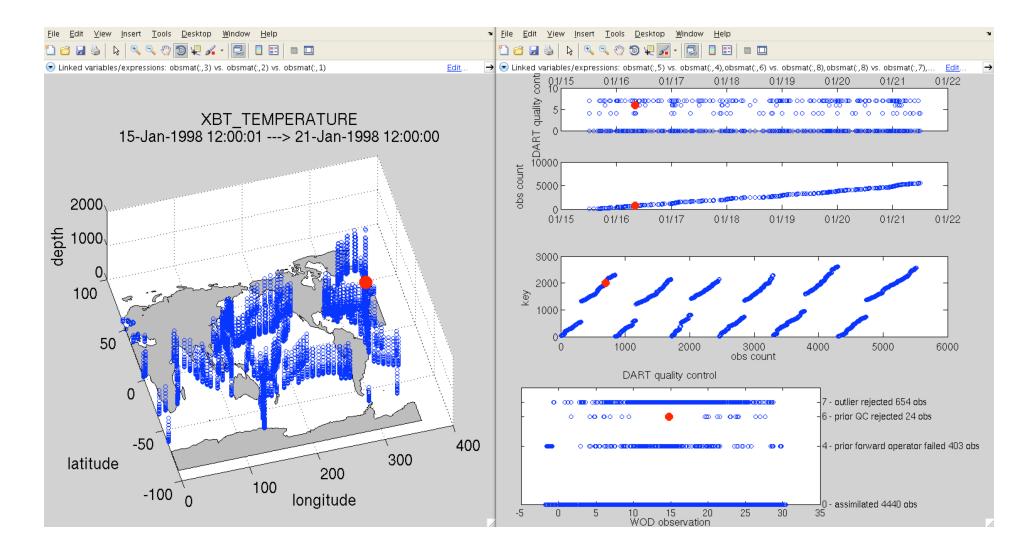
Currents;

Sea surface height.





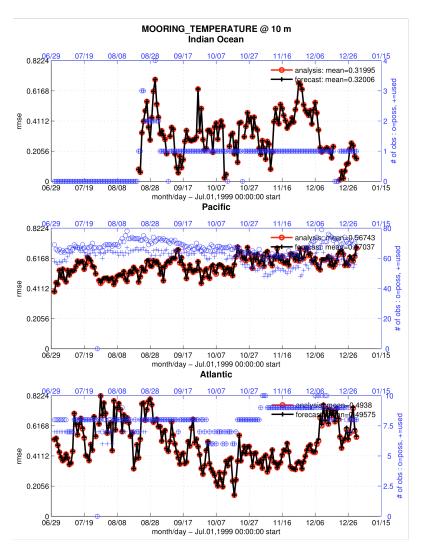
#### **Observation Visualization Tools**







## Observation Space Diagnostics (July-Dec. 1999)



## 10m Mooring Temperature

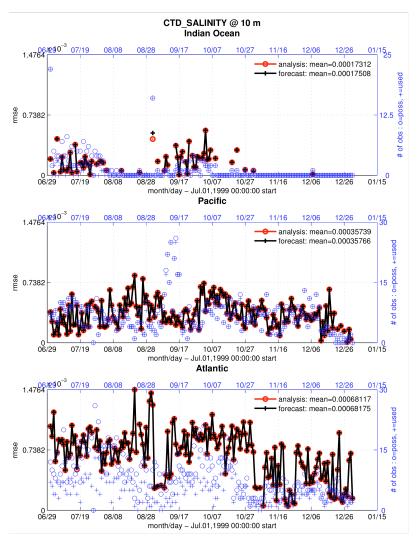
- 1. Ensemble mean analysis difference from obs.
- Ensemble mean 1-day forecast difference from obs.
- Blue circle is # of obs.
- 4. Blue + is # assimilated.
- 5. Obs. are rejected if they are too far from ensemble mean (3 standard deviations here).







## Observation Space Diagnostics (July-Dec. 1999)



## 10m CTD Salinity

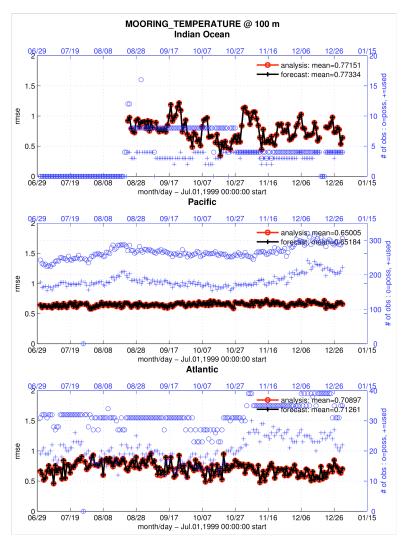
- 1. Ensemble mean analysis difference from obs.
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## Observation Space Diagnostics (July-Dec. 1999)



#### 100m Mooring Temperature

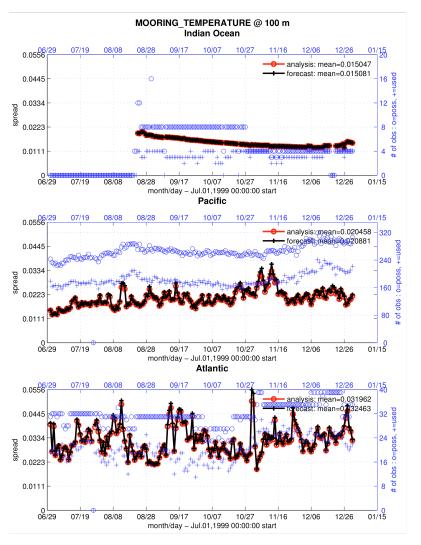
- Blue circle is # of obs.
- 2. Blue + is # assimilated.
- Obs. are rejected if they are too far from ensemble mean (3 standard deviations here).
- 4. About 1/3 of obs. rejected.
- 5. Model bias in thermocline?







## Observation Space Diagnostics: Ensemble Spread



#### 100m Mooring Temperature

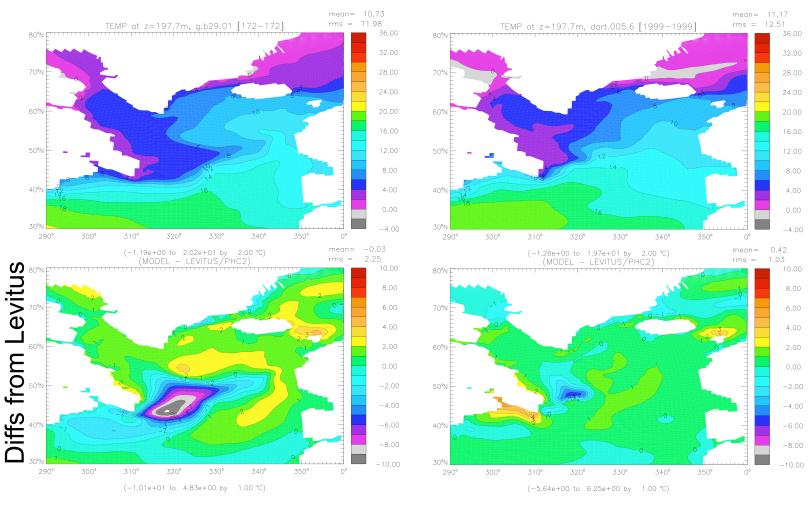
- Spread is way too small (trust me, we know);
- Model bias makes this even worse;
- 3. Using single atmospheric forcing is part of the problem;
- 4. Automatic spread correction tools in DART won't work with POP (yet).







## Physical Space Preview: 200m Temperature Means



POP Free Run

**DART** 





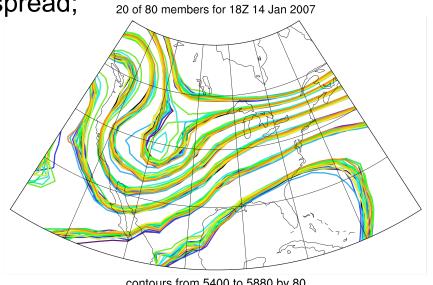
## Next Step

- 1. Force each ensemble member with a different member from an atmospheric ensemble reanalysis;
- 2. DART can produce reanalyses with CAM, GFDL's AM2, or NCEP GFS;

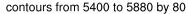
3. Should give some additional spread;

4. Plan to test for 2006-07.

5. May try larger ensemble.



DART T85 CAM GPH at 500hPa









#### Learn about ensemble assimilation and DART tools at:



http://www.image.ucar.edu/DAReS/DART/



