## IMAGe Seminar

Institute for Mathematics Applied to Geosciences at NCAR

## A Universal Short-time Method for Linear Fluctuation-response

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## Abstract:

In the context of the classical fluctuation-dissipation theorem, the average linear response to external fluctuations is represented as a simple time autocorrelation function of an unperturbed dynamical system, which is easy to compute numerically via time averaging along a single long-time trajectory. However, the majority of real-world climate models are chaotic forced-dissipative nonlinear systems with complex dynamics, for which the fluctuation-dissipation theorem in its classical setting is not valid. We present the universal linear response approach which is valid for any dynamical system, but works only for a short time.

> Mesa Lab- Chapman Room Thursday, December 7, 2006 2:30pm (Refreshments served at 2:15pm)

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